

Joint CQSE and CASTS Seminar

Weekly Seminar
Nov. 28, 2014 (Friday)

TIME Nov. 28, 14:30 ~ 15:30
TITLE Modified photoelectrodes for improving performance of dye-sensitized solar cells
SPEAKER Prof. Chun-Pei Cho
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PLACE Rm716, CCMS & New Physics Building, NTU

Abstract

Several phosphonic acids with various chain lengths and terminal groups were selected to form phosphonate self-assembled monolayers on the surfaces of TiO₂ electrodes to explore how the open-circuit voltage (V_{oc}), short-circuit photocurrent density (J_{sc}) and energy conversion efficiency (η) of dye-sensitized solar cells (DSSCs) were influenced by this surface modification approach. When an amine-carrying phosphonic acid with a negative dipole moment was used, the conduction band bottom (ECB) of TiO₂ shifted closer to the vacuum level. This resulted in a larger V_{oc} and higher DSSC performance. Furthermore, a higher TiO₂ ECB would increase the gradient of Fermi energy level (EF), and a larger J_{sc} could be thereby achieved. It has been also demonstrated that V_{oc} was certainly dipole-related, and device performance was dominated mainly by V_{oc} but not correlated well with dark current. The differences in dark currents of the DSSCs with TiO₂ electrodes modified by phosphonic acids were interpreted in terms of electronic properties of various terminal groups and electron tunneling barrier introduced by the phosphonate dipole layer. The results accomplished in our study revealed promising application of organic self-assembled monolayers to DSSCs.

